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Windsor, November 15.

THE following Addreſs from the Governor and Council of *Jamaica*, was Preſented to Her Majeſty by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viſcount *Bolingbroke*, One of Her Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Governor and Council of *Jamaica*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Governor and Council of Your Majeſty's Iſland of Jamaica, *humbly crave leave, with Hearts full of Joy, to Congratulate Your Majeſty upon the happy Concluſion of ſo Glorious and Honourable a Peace, which not only Extends Your Dominions, but muſt make them all Flouriſh.*

It is with the moſt dutiful and ſubmiſſive Admiration we behold Your Majeſty's conſummate Wiſdom (ſeconded by a moſt Able and Faithful Miniſtry) ſuperior to the greateſt Difficulties, accompliſhing that great End, the preſerving the Balance of Power in Europe, *and obtaining the moſt ſolid Advantages and Security to Your People and their Poſterity, which has ever been the Motive of all Your tranſcendent Actions.*

Nor can we conceive any but the moſt obſtinate and irreconcileable Enemies to our Church and Conſtitution, capable ſtill of fomenting groundleſs Fears and Jealouſies after what Your Majeſty has ſo effectually done for ſecuring the Proteſtant Succeſſion in the Illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover.

But as Words are faint Expreſſions of the Happineſs we enjoy under Your auſpicious Reign, our Actions, to the utmoſt of our Ability, ſhall always demonſtrate our Loyalty.

That Your Majeſty may live long poſſeſſed of the Hearts of dutiful and grateful Subjects to the Greateſt and Beſt of QUEENS, Arbiter of Europe, *to reap the bleſſed Fruits of Your Labours, are the united Acclamations of all Your People.*

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

Florence, October 31. *N. S.* On the 29th Inſtant the Great Prince was ſeiz'd with a Fit of an Apoplexy, and tho' with great Difficulty he was brought to recover ſome Senſe and Motion, he continued ſo ill, that it was thought proper to adminiſter extreme Unction to him. His Highneſs died Yeſterday, and is extremely lamented, as well upon account of his Perſonal Qualifications, as alſo becauſe it is apprehended this State may probably be involved in great Troubles, if the Houſe of Medicis ſhould be extinct, Prince John Gaſton, the preſent Heir, being yet without Children. We are inform'd, that the Mareſchal de Theſſe is come from France, to exhort the Italian Princes not to pay Contributions to the Emperor, which it is ſaid the Moſt Chriſtian King will Interpret to be a Breach of the Treaty of Neutrality.

Hanover, Nov. 14. *N. S.* The Dutcheſs Dowager of Zell is returned to Lunenburg from Gohre. The King of Pruſſia is expected very ſoon at this Court, where he is to have an Interview with his Electoral Highneſs, in order to communicate to him the Meaſures he has taken for reſtoring the Prince of Holſtein to the Government of that Dutchy. We don't hear that the Pruſſian Troops deſign'd for that Expedition, are actually upon their March, and his Majeſty has not yet ſent to the Elector to deſire Leave for them to paſs through the Country of Saxe-Lawenbourg, which is the way they are to take, if they enter into Holſtein. It is ſaid the King of Denmark is reſolved to maintain himſelf in the Poſſeſſion of that Dutchy, and has ſent Orders to his Generals to oppoſe the Troops of any Prince that attempts to enter into it without his conſent. They write from Brunſwick, that the Duke of Wolfenbuttel, accompanied by his whole Court, and by the Adminiſtrator of Holſtein, was returned from Gandeſheim, where he had aſſiſted at the Inſtallation of the Princeſs of Saxe-Meiningen, his Grand-daughter, created Abbeſs of that Place. Letters from Vienna bring an account, that the Contagious Diſtemper was ſo much abated there, that for ſome time not above Five and thirty Perſons had died in a Week. But the Infection was encreaſed very much in the neighbouring Places.

Hamburgh, November 17. *N. S.* The number of thoſe that died laſt Week amounts to no more than Two hundred ninety two. We have received Advice, that the Pruſſian Troops are ſtill aſſembling at Lenzen, and the King is expected there in Perſon. His Equipage is preparing, as if he intended to make a Campaign, but it is thought he will go no further than Lenzen, and that the Command of the Army will be given to the Prince of Anhalt-Deſſau, in caſe his Majeſty ſhould think fit to engage in a War. Count Flemming has projected a new Plan for an Accommodation, in which it is believed both Parties will find their Account. Tonningen, by this Expedient, will be conſtantly ſupplied with Proviſions, which are to be ſent in for a Fortnight at a time, and all Acts of Hoſtility are to ceaſe till the Conferences are ended. Letters from Copenhagen bring an Account, that an Expreſs was arrived there from the Czar, with Aſſurances, that he would continue firm to his Alliance with the King of Denmark; and that he had order'd his Troops, which were gone out of Pomerania, to halt on the Frontiers of Poland, in order to obſerve the King of Pruſſia's Motions; and in caſe that Prince ſhould attempt to reſtore the Duke of Holſtein by Force, they were directed to march into Pruſſia, and invade that Kingdom. His Daniſh Majeſty has erected a new Tribunal at Gottorp, compoſed of his own Miniſters. Monſieur de Jeſſen is appointed to be Preſident of it, and Baron Koningſtein to be Vice-Preſident. He has likewiſe declared, that ſince the Houſe of Holſtein has made ſuch continual Complaints of him in all the Courts of Germany, and ſo earneſtly ſollicited the King of Pruſſia to declare War againſt him, he did not think himſelf obliged to obſerve any further Meaſures with them. In Anſwer to the King of Pruſſia's Letter he has writ him word, that tho' he could not approve of the

Treaty